COPUOS Activities

Working Group on the Long-term Sustainability of Outer Space Activities

Report to IAA Space Debris Committee October 19, 2019

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UN COPUOS LTSSA

- 2010 Working Group on the Long-Term Sustainability of Outer Space Activities (LTSSA) established
- **2012–2014 Four expert groups** (experts from governments, industry, academia)
 - A Sustainable space utilization supporting sustainable development on Earth
 - B Space debris, space operations, and tools to support collaborative space situational awareness
 - C Space weather
 - D Regulatory regimes and guidance for new actors in the space arena
- 2014-2018 Working group taking over again (official delegation members)
- 2016 COPUOS consensus on first 12 guidelines of a compendium (COPUOS report A/71/20)
- 2018 COPUOS consensus on preamble and 21 guidelines, 7 guidelines with no **CONSENSUS** (A/AC.105/2018/CRP.20, A/AC.105/2018/CRP.21)

"The Committee noted that the Working Group had discussed, but had not been able to reach consensus on how to refer the preamble and guidelines on the long-term sustainability of outer space activities to the General Assembly." (COPUOS takes decisions by absolute consensus of its member States; currently 92)





UN COPUOS LTSSA - Expert Group B

Expert Group B, Issues for further consideration (by the STSC)

- A. Technical developments and possibilities regarding space debris removal
- B. On-orbit servicing
- C. Ensuring information consistency and transfer reliability





Policy and regulatory framework for space activities

- A.1 Adopt, revise and amend, as necessary, national regulatory frameworks for outer space activities
- A.2 Consider a number of elements when developing, revising or amending, as necessary, national regulatory frameworks for outer space activities
- A.3 Supervise national space activities
- A.4 Ensure the equitable, rational and efficient use of the radio frequency spectrum and the various orbital regions used by satellites
- A.5 Enhance the practice of registering space objects





Safety of space operations

- B.1 Provide updated contact information and share information on space objects and orbital events
- B.2 Improve accuracy of orbital data on space objects and enhance the practice and utility of sharing orbital information on space objects
- B.3 Promote the collection, sharing and dissemination of space debris monitoring information
- B.4 Perform conjunction assessment during all orbital phases of controlled flight
- B.5 Develop practical approaches for pre-launch conjunction assessment







Safety of space operations

- **B.6** Share operational space weather data and forecasts
- B.7 Develop space weather models and tools and collect established practices on the mitigation of space weather effects
- B.8 Design and operation of space objects regardless of their physical and operational characteristics (small-size objects: "same rules for all")
- B.9 Take measures to address risks associated with the uncontrolled re-entry of space objects
- B.10 Observe measures of precaution when using sources of laser beams passing through outer space







International cooperation, capacity-building and awareness

- C.1 Promote and facilitate international cooperation in support of the long-term sustainability of outer space activities
- C.2 Share experience related to the long-term sustainability of outer space activities and develop new procedures, as appropriate, for information exchange
- C.3 Promote and support capacity-building
- C.4 Raise awareness of space activities







Scientific and technical research and development

- D.1 Promote and support research into and the development of ways to support sustainable exploration and use of outer space
- D.2 Investigate and consider new measures to manage the space debris population in the long term

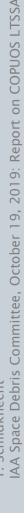




UN COPUOS LTSSA Draft Guidelines

- Provide, in national legal and/or policy frameworks, for a commitment to conducting space activities solely for peaceful purposes
- Take measures to identify, mitigate and manage the risk to terrestrial infrastructure that supports the operation of orbital systems [, launch vehicles and spacecraft]
- Observe procedures for preparing and conducting operations on active removal [and intentional destruction] of space objects
- Develop procedures for outer space activities involving non-registered objects
- Observe measures for the safe conduct of proximity space operations
- Observe measures of precaution when using of natural space environment modification techniques for peaceful purposes
- Raise awareness of the need to exclude the use of information and communications technology products compromising the safety and security of space objects and related equipment





UN COPUOS LTSSA - Way Forward?

2018 COPUOS

- mandate of LTSSA WG ended
- agreed that LTSSA be permanent agenda item of STSC
- No consensus on way forward, options (inter alia)
 - extend mandate of WG (to finalize 7 GL with no consensus)
 - new working group on safety and transparency (Swiss proposal)

2019 COPUOS STSC

- no consensus to forward 21 GL to UN GA
- "working meeting" to identify possible topics (for a "future mechanism") at margins of COPUOS 2019 (Swiss initiative)





UN COPUOS LTSSA - Way Forward?

2019 COPUOS

- 1 day meeting hosted by Switzerland: Possible further work on the long-term sustainability of outer space activities
 - Topic 1 Options for collaborative information sharing and exchange with the aim of ensuring the safety and sustainability of space operations
 - Topic 2 Challenges posed by large constellations
 - Topic 3 Issues associated with rendezvous and proximity operations, including active debris removal and on orbit servicing activities
 - Topic 4 Concepts of international coordination of space traffic
- **21 GL adopted!** (A/74/20, para 163 and Annex II)
- Decided to establish a new working group on the topic under the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee (A/74/20, para. 165)

